### SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **W&P Low Temperature Destainer**

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name W&P Low Temperature Destainer

Product number 8300/23641

UFI: 4E16-70F3-G006-329T

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Bleach

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Wightman and Parrish Ltd

Station Road Industrial Estate

Hailsham East Sussex BN27 2QA Tel: 01323 440444

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Wightman and Parrish Ltd: Tel: 01323 440444 (Mon-Fri 9am-5pm)

National emergency telephone

number

(GB) NHS Direct: 111

National Poisons Information Service Tel: +44 344 892 0111 (UK) - Medical Professionals Only National Poisons Information Centre Tel: +353 (01) 809 2566 (Ireland) - Healthcare Professionals only

(24 hour service)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Detergent labelling 5 - < 15% oxygen-based bleaching agents, < 5% phosphonates

Supplementary precautionary

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

statements

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## **W&P Low Temperature Destainer**

#### 2.3. Other hazards

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

10-15%

CAS number: 128275-31-0 EC number: 410-850-8

M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Org. Perox. D - H242 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

1-Hydroxy Ethylidene-1,1 Diphosphonic Acid

1-3%

CAS number: 2809-21-4 EC number: 220-552-8

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

SODIUM HYDROXIDE <1%

CAS number: 1310-73-2 EC number: 215-185-5

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist. Remove affected person from source of

contamination.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Promptly get affected

person to drink large volumes of water to dilute the swallowed chemical. Give milk instead of water if

readily available. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin

thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of

exposure.

Inhalation Irritation of nose, throat and airway.

Ingestion Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

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Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact This product is strongly irritating.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water

fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Oxygen released in thermal decomposition may support combustion. Contact with combustible material

may cause fire.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxygen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of

sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment for

firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours

and contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or

apron, as appropriate. Collect spilled liquid in plastic container (NOT METAL). Never return to original tank/container. Flush away small residues with excess water. Contain spillage but do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. If substance has entered water course or sewer, advise police.

Inform authorities if large amounts are involved.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. See Section 11 for additional

information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Use approved respirator if air contamination

is above an acceptable level. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Moisture. Cleanliness is essential as any contamination may cause decomposition. Never return unused material to original containers. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Storage precautions Keep only in the original container. Keep away from flammable and combustible materials. Keep away

from heat, sparks and open flame. Store cool. Protect from light. Unsuitable containers: copper, zinc,

aluminium, copper alloy, zinc alloy, aluminium alloy.

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 3 mg/m³

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

#### 1-Hydroxy Ethylidene-1,1 Diphosphonic Acid (CAS: 2809-21-4)

DNEL Industry - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 13 mg/kg bw/day

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 6.5 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.136 mg/l

- marine water; 0.0136 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 59 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 5.9 mg/kg

- Soil; 96 mg/kg

- STP; 20 mg/l

### SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 1310-73-2)

DNEL Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 2 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2 mg/m³

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.

Eye/face protection Safety glasses with side-shields (EN 166).

Hand protection Chemical resistant PVC/Nitrilrubber gloves (to European standard EN 374 or equivalent).

Thickness: 0,4 mm. Penetration time: >480 min (level 6). The selection of specific gloves for a specific application and time of use in a working area, should also take into account other factors on the working space, such as (but not limited to): other chemicals that are possibly used, physical requirements (protection against cutting/drilling, skill, thermal protection), and

the instructions/specification of the supplier of gloves.

Other skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing (EN14605)

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Hygiene measures Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid

contact with skin and eyes.

Respiratory protection In the case of dust or aerosol formation, use respirator with an approved filter. Recommended Filter type:

ABEK-P2

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour White.

Odour Odourless.

pH (diluted solution): 3.5 0.1%

Melting point 75°C

Initial boiling point and range No specific test data are available.

Flash point No specific test data are available.

Evaporation rate No specific test data are available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

No specific test data are available.

Vapour density

No specific test data are available.

Relative density 1.0-1.1 @ 20°C

Bulk density Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.2

Auto-ignition temperature 470°C

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity 500 mPa s @ 25°C

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information Not available.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity The following materials may react with the product: Organic peroxides/hydroperoxides. Oxidising

materials. Strong reducing agents. Will decompose at temperatures exceeding  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed

storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions 
Contact with combustible material may cause fire

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid direct sunlight. Decomposition starts at 80°C with

release of oxygen; avoid temperatures above 50°C.

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#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Metals, salts of metals, organic materials, flammable substances.

Combustible materials. Reducing Agents Strong oxidising agents. Carbamates. Dithiocarbamates.

Mercaptans (thiols). Inorganic sulphides. Nitriles and organic sulphides.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Rapid decomposition will release large quantities of oxygen (health and fire risk). Decomposition is exothermic causing temperature rise which will further increase the rate of decomposition creating explosive situations. On decomposition irritating gases, vapours and oxygen are released. Decomposition will not occur if product is stored and used correctly.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 125,200.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation May cause respiratory system irritation. Vapours may irritate throat/respiratory system. Symptoms

following overexposure may include the following: Coughing.

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Ingestion May cause severe internal injury. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause chemical burns in

mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin contact Irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis.

Eye contact This product is strongly irritating. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Corneal

damage. Irritation, burning, lachrymation, blurred vision after liquid splash.

Route of exposure Skin and/or eye contact

Ingestion Inhalation

Toxicological information on ingredients.

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

2,550.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) The product has a low acute toxicity

ATE oral (mg/kg) 2,550.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50

mg/kg)

2,001.0

Species Rat

Notes (dermal LD50) Not classified as hazardous for acute dermal toxicity according to GHS

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,001.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified as irritating to skin (Method: OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Does not cause skin sensitisation (Method: OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Genotoxicity - in vivo Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Fertility - NOAEL 30 mg/kg, Oral, Rat The product is not considered to affect fertility.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 50 mg/kg, , Rabbit Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 100 mg/kg, , Rabbit

The product is not considered to be teratogenic.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 100 mg/kg, , Rat Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated

exposure.

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Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not applicable

1-Hydroxy Ethylidene-1,1 Diphosphonic Acid

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

1,878.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,878.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50

mg/kg)

5,001.0

5,001.0

Species Rabbit

Carcinogenicity

ATE dermal (mg/kg)

Carcinogenicity NOAEL >=384 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

501.0

Species Rabbit
ATE oral (mg/kg) 501.0

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Ecotoxicity The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Ecological information on ingredients.

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Acute aquatic toxicity

 $LE(C)_{50}$  0.1 <  $L(E)C50 \le 1$ 

M factor (Acute)

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 0.4 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 17.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - EC<sub>50</sub>, : 100 mg/l, Bacteria

microorganisms

Acute toxicity - terrestrial LC<sub>50</sub>, 14 days: 491.69 mg/kg, Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm)

EC<sub>50</sub>, 14 days: > 100 mg/kg, Avena sativa (oats)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

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Chronic toxicity - fish early life NOEC, 96 hours: 0.1 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

stage

1-Hydroxy Ethylidene-1,1 Diphosphonic Acid

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 195 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: 527 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants ErC50, 96 hours: 3 mg/l, Scenedesmus quadricauda (Green algae)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life NOEC, 14 days: 60 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 28 days: 6.75 mg/l, Daphnia magna

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅o, 96 hours: 35-189 mg/l, Fish

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 45.5 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

LC₅o, 96 hours: 125 mg/l, Freshwater fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 40-240 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 40.4 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia Dubia (Water flea)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Persistence and degradability The product is considered to be rapidly degradable in the environment

Biodegradation The substance fulfils the criteria for ultimate aerobic biodegradability and ready

biodegradability

Biological oxygen demand 89%

1-Hydroxy Ethylidene-1,1 Diphosphonic Acid

Biodegradation OECD 301D - Degradation 23%: 5 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.2

Ecological information on ingredients.

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Bioaccumulative potential No potential for bioaccumulation.

1-Hydroxy Ethylidene-1,1 Diphosphonic Acid

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: < 2, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)

Partition coefficient Koc: 16610 Log Koc: 4.22

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12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Soluble in water.

Ecological information on ingredients.

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Soil - Log Koc: 1.916 @ °C

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

6-(PHTHALIMIDO)PEROXYHEXANOIC ACID

Other adverse effects Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Very toxic to aquatic life. Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Dispose of in accordance with Local Authority regulations as special waste according to The Control of

Special Waste Regulations 1996.

**EURAL Code** 

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA,

ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

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### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and Not applicable.

the IBC Code

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI

2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Drug Precursors Regulation

(273/2004)

Danish product registration

number

Danish national regulations

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

#### **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision comments This is the first issue.

Revision date 04/11/2024

Revision 0

SDS number 8300/23641

Hazard statements in full H242 Heating may cause a fire.

> H290 May be corrosive to metals. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.