Product Information Guide



Lasting protection with a gentle touch



SilkScreen Hand Sanitiser

SilkScreen is a powerful anti-microbial hand sanitiser, available as both a foam and a gel. Once applied it remains active for up to 4 hours, providing ongoing protection from viruses and bacteria. Formulated without alcohol and containing low levels of the active ingredients: chlorhexidine and DDAC.

SilkScreen's gentle action on the skin means it can be used regularly without causing damage to skin or nails. It has been tested against a range of bacteria and enveloped viruses.

While it is recognised that alcohol gels of over 75% are effective against any pathogens present on the hands, they are only active when wet but quickly evaporate and dry out, which can then quickly lead to recontamination. Thanks to its clever formulation, SilkScreen provides up to 4 hours of residual protection once applied, continuing to remain active long after drying.



Features and benefits

The key features and benefits of SilkScreen are as follows:

- Remains active for up to 4 hours.
- Kills 99.999% of bacteria (log 5).
- Kills 99.99% of viruses (log 4).
- Provides an invisible layer of protection which acts like an invisible glove.
- Non-flammable. Cannot combust or explode through heat.
- Gentle on skin.



Recommended usage

SilkScreen can be used wherever high standards of hand hygiene are required and is suitable for use in any environment. Apply sufficient product to cover hands, fingers and nails and rub until dry for a few seconds as the product dries naturally with some friction.

While SilkScreen is best applied to clean hands for maximum, residual protection, it can also be used where hand washing is not possible as an aid to preventing infection and cross contamination by micro-organisms.

Regulatory compliant characteristics

Colour: clear

Odour: **no odour**

Oxidising: non oxidising

Solubility: soluble

Viscosity: **foam: non-viscous**

gel: viscous

• Flash point: **not applicable**

pH: **6.5 (classed as neutral)**

Safety Data Sheet (SDS):

Information on safe handling is contained in the EU safety data sheet which may be obtained on request from the Core Environmental Plc website <u>here</u>.

Available product packaging and volume options

Gel: Flip tops 50ml and 100ml, 500ml pump, containers of 5 litre, 200 litres & 1000 litres. Foam: Pumps 50ml, 150ml and 550ml and containers of 5 litre, 200 Litres & 1000 litres.



Product Test Information:

According to **EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019** SilkScreen possesses Virucidal activity against enveloped viruses with a LOG 4 reduction

According to **EN 16777:2018** SilkScreen possesses Virucidal activity as per the EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 with residual ongoing activity for at least 4 hours with a LOG 4 reduction

According to **EN 1276** SilkScreen possesses Bactericidal activity against a vast range of bacteria, achieving a LOG 5 reduction in 5 minutes in dirty (everyday) conditions.

According to **EN 13727:2012+A2:2015 (Medical areas)** SilkScreen possesses a LOG 5 reduction in Bactericidal activity within 30 seconds.

All tests carried out by independent accredited laboratories to the highest standard.

Handling

For handling information of SilkScreen foam or gel please refer to Safety Data Sheet (SDS).



A Core Environmental PLC
Unit 4, 18-20 Millbrook Road East
Southampton
Hampshire
S015 1HY

T 03300 888652

info@core-environmentalplc.com

W core-environmentalplc.com

SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Supplier: Core Environmental PLC, Unit 4 18-20 Millbrook Road East, Southampton, Hampshire, SO15 1HY

Date: 2nd December 2020

Product Type: Hand Sanitiser Product Name: **SilkScreen**

Product Numbers: SilkScreen Gel (SSHSG01) & SilkScreen Foam (SSHSF01)

Conforms with the following specifications:

BS EN 1276: 2019 – Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics. Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bacterial activity of chemical disinfectants and antiseptics used in food, industrial, domestics and industrial areas.

BS EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019 - Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics. Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of virucidal activity in the medical area.

BS EN 16777:2018 - Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics. Quantitative non-porous surface test without mechanical action for the evaluation of virucidal activity of chemical disinfectants in the medical area.

BS EN 13727:2012+A2:2015 - Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics. Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bacterial activity in the medical area.

All tests carried out by independent accredited laboratories to the highest standard.

Stuart Wright

CEO





Test Report: EN 16777:2018 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics – Quantitative non-porous surface test without mechanical action for the evaluation of virucidal activity in the medical area- Test method and requirements (Phase 2/Step 2)

Test Laboratory BluTest Laboratories Ltd

5 Robroyston Oval, Nova Business Park, Glasgow, G33 1AP

Identification of sample

Name of the product Silkscreen Batch number 20108

Client Core Environmental Plc

Client Address Unit 4, 18-20 Millbrook Road East, Southampton. SO15 1HY

Project Code BT-SAM-01
Date of Delivery 18 June 2020
Storage conditions Ambient

Active substances Chlohexidine Digluconate, Didecyldimethylammonium

Chloride

Manufacturer Safe Microbial Control Limited

Test Method and its validation

Method The biocide is applied to the disc and incubated at the

indicated contact temperature for the indicated contact times. Product then challenged with 1-part interfering substance + 9-part virus suspension. Assays were validated by a cytotoxicity control, interference control, neutralisation

control and an internal standard.

Neutralisation Dilution-neutralisation/gel filtration

Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium + 5% v/v foetal bovine

serum at 4°C

Experimental Conditions

Period of analysis 08 October 2020 to 03 November 2020

Product diluents used Sterile distilled water

Product test concentrations 10.0% v/v; 50.0%; 100.0% v/v
Appearance product dilutions No changes not- stable
Appearance in test mixture No changes not- stable

Contact times (minutes) 5 minutes after- 4 hrs; 1 day; 2 days

Test temperature 20°C ± 1°C

Interfering substances 0.3g/I V/V bovine albumin Temperature of incubation $37^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C} + 5\% \text{ CO}_2$

Identification of virus Feline coronavirus VR-929/ CRFK Cells

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PROTOCOL SUMMARY

The basic virucidal efficacy test is set up with three concentrations of disinfectant and a 5-minute contact time after 4 hours, 1 day and 2 days. Product applied to stainless-steel discs, incubated for the indicated time points and then challenged by the virus. This is then neutralised, serially diluted and virus titred in 96-well tissue culture plates to determine the tissue culture infectious dose₅₀ (TCID₅₀) of surviving virus. *Feline coronavirus* VR-929/ CRFK Cells are assayed in parallel in each test. TCID₅₀ is determined by the method of Karber¹.

Cytotoxicity control

The neutralized disinfectant is measured for its effects on the host cells used to propagate the virus, to determine the sensitivity of the assay.

Interference control

The end point titration of the virus is exposed to three different sub-lethal concentrations of neutralized disinfectant to measure the effect of sub-lethal concentrations of disinfectant on virus infectivity in relation to the titre achieved on untreated cells.

Disinfectant suppression control

Virus is added to the highest concentration of disinfectant and then the mixture immediately removed and neutralized. The neutralized virus titre is then determined to assess the efficiency of the neutralization procedure.

Virus recovery control

Virus titre is determined for virus in contact with sterile distilled water at t=0, t= 1 day and at t =2 day. The virus titre after either 0-minute, 1 day or 2 day is then compared to the recovery of disinfectant-treated virus to measure the log reduction in virus titre. The virus titre at 0-minutes is compared to the reference virus inactivation control.

Reference virus inactivation control

Virus is exposed to 0.7% W/V formaldehyde and the recovery of virus determined by TCID₅₀ after 30 and 60 minutes, in order to assess that the test virus has retained reproducible biocide resistance. In addition, the formaldehyde cytotoxicity of neutralized formaldehyde is determined, to measure assay sensitivity.

1Kärber, G.: Beitrag zur Kollektiven Behandlung Pharmakologischer Reihenversuche. Arch. Exp. Path. Pharmak. 162 (1931): 480-487.

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Feline coronavirus VR-929 Results

EN16777:2018 Suspension test for the efficacy of Silkscreen, Batch 20108, BT-SAM-01 from Core Environmental Plc. against Feline coronavirus VR-929 under clean conditions

Test Results												
Concentration	10	%	50	0%	1	00%						
Exposure Time	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml						
t = 4 hours	3.33	6.76E+04	1.17	4.68E+02	0.00	3.16E+01						
Raw Data	666200	6.76E+04	520000	4.68E+02	000000	3.16E+01						
log		4.83		2.67		1.50						
log difference		0.67		2.83		4.00						
Exposure Time	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml						
t = 1 day	2.17	4.68E+03	0.00	3.16E+01	0.00	3.16E+01						
Raw Data	652000	4.68E+03	000000	3.16E+01	000000	3.16E+01						
log		3.67		1.50		1.50						
log difference		-0.34		1.83		1.83						
Exposure Time	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml						
t = 2 days	2.33	6.76E+03	0.00	3.16E+01	0.67	1.48E+02						
Raw Data	653000	6.76E+03	000000	3.16E+01	310000	1.48E+02						
log		3.83		1.50		2.17						
log difference		-0.50		1.83		1.16						



Summary Table

EN16777:20	EN16777:2018 Suspension test for the efficacy of Silkscreen, Batch 20108, BT-SAM-01 from Core Environmental Plc. against Fel coronavirus VR-929 under clean conditions												
	Summary Table												
Product:	Interfering substance	Concentration	Level of cytotoxicity			Ig TCID ₅₀			>4 lg reduction after 'X' Min				
				0 min	60 min	4 hours	1 day	2 days					
	0.3g/I BSA	100%	1.50	1.50	n.a.	1.50	1.50	2.17	4 hours				
Silkscreen		50%	1.50	n.a.	n.a.	2.67	1.50	1.50	>2 days				
		10%	1.50	n.a.	n.a.	4.83	3.67	3.83	>2 days				
Water Control	Clean			5.50	n.a.	n.a.	3.33	3.33	n.a.				
							30 min	60 min					
Formaldehyde	PBS	0.7% (w/v)	3.50				2.50	2.50	>60 mins				



Control Data

EN16777:20	18 Suspensio	n test for the	efficacy of S	ilkscreen, Ba		-SAM-01 from (Core Environn	nental Plc. ag	gainst Feline c	oronavirus V	R-929 unde
						onditions					
		1				ntrols		1		_	
	Control nin	Water C			Control lays	Cytoto	Cytotoxicity		Disinfectant Suppression VS		fectant ssion VS2
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml
4.00	3.16E+05	1.83	2.14E+03	1.83	2.14E+03	0.00	3.16E+01	0.00	3.16E+01	4.17	4.68E+05
666600	3.16E+05	641000	2.14E+03	641000	2.14E+03	000000	3.16E+01	000000	3.16E+01	666610	4.68E+05
	5.50		3.33		3.33		1.50		1.50		5.67
									4.00		-0.17
		Formaldehyde	reference inac	tivation controls	<u> </u>						
Cytot	oxicity	Exposure time		0.7% Fo	ormaldehyde						
			3	0	•	60					
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml		raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml					
2.00	3.16E+03		1.00	3.16E+02	1.00	3.16E+02					
660000	3.16E+03		600000	3.16E+02	600000	3.16E+02					
	3.50	log		2.50		2.50					
		log difference		3.00		3.00	<u></u>				
				Viru	s dilution				Stock Virus (TCID ₅₀) (4 hrs)	
Interferer	ice control	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8			.33	
		1	1	0.83	0	0	0			6E+06	
PBS (Control	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	2.14E+02	3.16E+01	3.16E+01	3.16E+01		_	6620	
		2.50	2.50	2.33	1.50	1.50	1.50				
Raw	Data	6	6	5	0	0	0				
		1	1	1	0.33	0	0				
Pro	duct	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	6.76E+01	3.16E+01	3.16E+01				
		2.50	2.50	2.50	1.83	1.50	1.50				
Raw	Data	6	6	6	2	0	0				
og Difference		0.00	0.00	-0.17	-0.33	0.00	0.00				
oduct Cyt Diluti	on	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
BS Dilution		Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat				

SOP 11000 EN16777 REPORT TEMPLATE V03 Effective Date: 17 June 2019

BT-SAM-01 Silkscreen



CONCLUSION

Verification of the methodology

A test is only valid if the following criteria are fulfilled:

- a) Test virus suspension has at least a concentration which allows the determination of a 4 log₁₀ reduction of the virus titre.
- b) Detectable titre reduction is at least 4 log₁₀.
- c) Difference of the logarithmic titre of the virus control minus the logarithmic titre of the test virus in the reference inactivation test is between -0.5 and -2.5 after 30 min and between -2 and -4.5 after 60 min for virus.
- d) Cytotoxicity of the product solution does not affect cell morphology and growth or susceptibility for the test virus in the dilutions of the test mixtures which are necessary to demonstrate a 4 log₁₀ reduction of the virus.
- e) The interference control result does not show a difference of > 1.0 log₁₀ of virus titre in comparison to the virus recovery control; dilutions of disinfectant to sub-acute levels does not interfere in the generation of viral cytopathic effect.
- f) Neutralisation validation. This is called the disinfectant suppression test in this protocol. The disinfectant was neutralized by column chromatography through an Illustra Microspin S-400 HR column to achieve the best possible neutralization available for this test. The difference for virus is slightly elevated indicating rapid irreversible virucidal activity of the disinfectant by dilution at a concentration of 80.0% v/v.

According to EN 16777:2018, **Silkscreen POSSESSES VIRUCIDAL** activity at a concentration of **100.0% v/v** of the working concentration as tested after **4 HOURS** at **20°C** under **CLEAN** conditions (0.3 g/l bovine albumin) against *Feline coronavirus* VR-929/ CRFK Cells.

The water control for the 1-day time point prevented a pass being observed at 50.0% v/v and 100.0%.

The water control for the 2-day time point prevented a pass being observed at 50.0% v/v.

Signed

Dr Chris Woodall, Director BluTest Laboratories Ltd

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Glasgow, UK

Date: 09 NOVEMBER 2020

DISCLAIMER

The results in this test report only pertain to the sample supplied.

BluTest (BT) has performed the testing detailed in this report using reasonable skill and care and has used reasonable endeavours to carry out the testing in accordance with an EN16777 protocol. All forecasts, recommendations and results contained in this report are submitted in good faith. However, other than as expressly set out in this report, no warranty is given (i) in relation to the testing or the use(s) to which any results or deliverables produced in the course of the testing are or may be put by the Client or their fitness or suitability for any particular purpose or under any special conditions notwithstanding that any such purpose or conditions may have been made known to BT or (ii) that the intended results or deliverables from the testing can be achieved or (iii) that the Client can freely make use of the results or the deliverables without infringing any third party intellectual property rights and the Client will be deemed to have satisfied itself in this regard. BT shall have no liability (which is hereby excluded to the fullest extent permissible by law) in respect of any loss, liability or damage, including without limitation any indirect and/or consequential loss such as loss of profit or loss of business, market or goodwill, that the Client may suffer directly or indirectly as a result of or in connection with: (i) the performance of the testing; (ii) the use of any materials, samples or other information provided by the Client for use in the testing; and (iii) the Client's reliance upon or use of any results or deliverables provided as part of the testing.

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SOP 11000 EN16777 REPORT TEMPLATE V03 Effective Date: 17 June 2019



BS EN 1276:2009

Client Details: Core Environmental PLC

Unit 4

18-20 Millbrook Road East

Southampton Hampshire S015 1HY

Client Contact Name: Stuart Wright

Client Email: s.wright@corenvironmentalplc

Telephone Number:

Purchase Order Number: -

Date Of Report: 21/03/18

MelBec Reference Number: 5167 **No. of samples:** 1

1 Envair House, York Avenue, Haslingden, Rossendale, BB4 4HG info@melbecmicrobiology.co.uk Tel – 01706 214 492 melbecmicrobiology.co.uk



Sample Details:

Name of Product: SilkScreen Alcohol free gel and foam hand rub

Batch Number: -

Manufacturer / Supplier: SMC (NB. which stands for safe microbial control)

Product Storage conditions: Ambient

Appearance of the Product (as supplied): Clear, colourless

Appearance of the Product & Interfering Substance: Slightly cloudyr, colourless

Active Substance and concentration:

Product Dilutions/Concentrations and Diluent: Ready to Use

Date Product Received: 09/03/18 Date Tested: 13/03/18

Obligatory Conditions of EN 1276:

Interfering Substance: Bovine Albumin

Test Temperature: 20°C

Contact Time: 5 min or 1 min (Hand disinfection)

Test Organisms: Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15442, Escherichia coli ATCC 10536,

Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538, Enterococcus hirae ATCC 10541

Incubation Temperature: 36°C or 37°C

Experimental Conditions:

Interfering Substance: Bovine Albumin:

3.0g/l (dirty conditions)

Test Temperature: 20°C Contact Time: 30s

Test Organisms: Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15442

Staphyloccocus aureus ATCC 6538

E.coli ATCC 10536

Enterococcus hirae ATCC 10541

E.coli K12 NCTC 10538

Incubation Temperature: 36°C

Deviations from the standard (if applicable):

Product Dilutions: Client only requested testing on the product at one concentration.

1 Envair House, York Avenue, Haslingden, Rossendale, BB4 4HG

info@melbecmicrobiology.co.uk Tel - 01706 214 492 melbecmicrobiology.co.uk



Conclusion:

The product SilkScreen Alcohol free gel and foam hand rub met the log reduction requirements as specified in EN 1276 (5 lg within the relevant contact time) in dirty conditions with a contact time of 30s.

Testing carried out by:

Gemma Morgan

Technical Manager

Report authorised by:

Dawn Mellors

Technical Director

SHS

1 Envair House, York Avenue, Haslingden, Rossendale, BB4 4HG info@melbecmicrobiology.co.uk Tel – 01706 214 492 melbecmicrobiology.co.uk



Test Results

Membrane Filtration:

Rinsing Liquid N7

Pseudomonas aeruginosa:

Validation and Controls:

Validation Suspension (Nv ₀)		Experimental Conditions Control (A)		Neutraliser or Filtration Control (B)			Method Validation (C)				
Vc1	106	<u>Mean</u> 9.4 x	Vc1	54	<u>Mean</u> 5.45	Vc1	56	<u>Mean</u> 5.30	Vc1	59	<u>Mean</u> 6.45
Vc2	82	10 ¹	Vc2	55	x 10 ¹	Vc2	50	x 10 ¹	Vc2	70	x 10¹
	mean veen 30	-		Is the mean of A \geq 0.5 x the mean of Nv ₀			mean the me			mean of the mean Nv ₀	
Yes:X	No):	Yes:X		No:	Yes:	X	No:	Yes:	X	No:

Test Suspension: (N & N₀):

N:

Dilution:	Vc1	Vc2	Me	an
			cfu	lgN
1) 107	29	20	3.03 x	8.48
2) 10 ⁻⁶	315	362	10 ⁸	

N_0 :

$N_0 (N/10) =$	3.03 x 10 ⁷	lg N₀ =	7.48
Is $lg N_0$ between 7.17 and 7	7.70 (required inoculum)	Yes:X	No:

Test (Na and IgR):

	Contact time:	Vc1	Vc2	Na (mean of Vc1 & Vc2 x10)	lgNa	lgR (lgN₀-lgNa)
_1	.: 30 s	0-1	0-1	<140	<2.15	>5.33

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Staphylococcus aureus:

Validation and Controls:

	Validation Suspension (Nv₀)		Experimental Conditions Control (A)		Neutraliser or Filtration Control (B)			Method Validation (C)			
Vc1	77	<u>Mean</u> 7.65	Vc1	86	<u>Mean</u> 8.2 x	Vc1	53	<u>Mean</u> 4.9 x	Vc1	79	<u>Mean</u> 7.45
Vc2	76	x 10 ¹	Vc2	78	10¹	Vc2	45	10¹	Vc2	70	x 10¹
	mean veen 30 160:			Is the mean of A \geq 0.5 x the mean of Nv ₀			mean the me			mean the me	
Yes:X	No) :	Yes:X		No:	Yes:	X	No:	Yes:	X	No:

Test Suspension: (N & N₀):

N:

Dilution:	Vc1	Vc2	Me	ean	
			cfu	lgN	
1) 107	30	41	2.76 x	8.44	
2) 10 ⁻⁶	270	266	10 ⁸		

N_0 :

$N_0 (N/10) =$	2.76 x 10 ⁷	lg N₀ =	7.44
Is Ig N ₀ between 7.17 and 7	7.70 (required inoculum)	Yes:X	No:

Test (Na and IgR):

Contact time:	Vc1	Vc2	Na (mean of Vc1 & Vc2 x10)	lgNa	lgR (lgN ₀ -lgNa)
1: 30 s	0-1	0-1	<140	<2.15	>5.29

1 Envair House, York Avenue, Haslingden, Rossendale, BB4 4HG info@melbecmicrobiology.co.uk Tel-01706 214 492 melbecmicrobiology.co.uk



E.coli:

Validation and Controls:

Validation Suspension (Nv ₀)		Experimental Conditions Control (A)			Neutraliser or Filtration Control (B)			Method Validation (C)			
Vc1	83	<u>Mean</u> 8.75	Vc1	90	<u>Mean</u> 9.4 x	Vc1	83	<u>Mean</u> 8.25	Vc1	69	<u>Mean</u> 7.15
Vc2	92	x 10 ¹	Vc2	98	10¹	Vc2	82	x 10 ¹	Vc2	74	x 10 ¹
Is the	mean	of Nv ₀	Is the	mean	of A ≥	Is the	mean	of B ≥	Is the	mean	of C ≥
betv	veen 30	and	0.5 x	0.5 x the mean of		0.5 x the mean of		ean of	0.5 x the mean of		ean of
	160:		Nv_0		Nv_0				Nv_0		
Yes:X	No	o:	Yes:X		No:	Yes:	X	No:	Yes:	X	No:

Test Suspension: (N & N₀):

N:

Dilution:	Vc1	Vc2	Me	ean
			cfu	lgN
				_
1) 107	28	43	3.09 x	8.49
2) 10 ⁻⁶	279	329	108	

N₀:

$N_0 (N/10) =$	3.09×10^7	$lg N_0 =$	7.49
Is Ig N ₀ between 7.17 and 7	7.70 (required inoculum)	Yes:X	No:

Test (Na and IgR):

Contact time:	Vc1	Vc2	Na (mean of Vc1 & Vc2 x10)	lgNa	lgR (lgN₀-lgNa)
1: 30 s	0-1	0-1	<140	<2.15	>5.34

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Enterococcus hirae:

Validation and Controls:

	/alidatio uspensi (Nv₀)		Experimental Conditions Control (A)		Neutraliser or Filtration Control (B)		Method Validation (C)				
Vc1	70	<u>Mean</u> 7.55	Vc1	48	<u>Mean</u> 5.15	Vc1	47	<u>Mean</u> 4.35	Vc1	49	<u>Mean</u> 4.6 x
Vc2	81	x 10 ¹	Vc2	55	x 10 ¹	Vc2	40	x 10 ¹	Vc2	43	10 ¹
	mean veen 30 160:	-		Is the mean of A \geq 0.5 x the mean of Nv ₀		Is the mean of B \geq 0.5 x the mean of Nv ₀				mean the me Nv ₀	
Yes:X	No	o:	Yes:X		No:	Yes:	X	No:	Yes:	X	No:

Test Suspension: (N & N₀):

N:

Dilution:	Vc1	Vc2	Me	ean
			cfu	lgN
1) 107	28	21	2.56 x	8.41
2) 10 ⁻⁶	274	240	108	

N_0 :

$N_0 (N/10) =$	2.56 x 10 ⁷	lg N₀ =	7.41
Is Ig N ₀ between 7.17 and 7	7.70 (required inoculum)	Yes:X	No:

Test (Na and IgR):

Con	tact time:	Vc1	Vc2	Na (mean of Vc1 & Vc2 x10)	lgNa	lgR (lgN₀-lgNa)
1: 30) s	0-1	0-1	<140	<2.15	>5.26

1 Envair House, York Avenue, Haslingden, Rossendale, BB4 4HG info@melbecmicrobiology.co.uk Tel-01706 214 492 melbecmicrobiology.co.uk



E.coli K12:

Validation and Controls:

	Validation Experimental Suspension Conditions Control (Nv ₀) (A)		Neutraliser or Filtration Control (B)		Method Validation (C)						
Vc1	69	Mean 6.2 x	Vc1	66	<u>Mean</u> 6.45	Vc1	51	<u>Mean</u> 5.45	Vc1	57	<u>Mean</u> 5.05
Vc2	55	10 ¹	Vc2	63	x 10 ¹	Vc2	58	x 10 ¹	Vc2	64	x 10 ¹
Is the	mean	of Nv ₀	Is the	mean	of A ≥	Is the	mean	of B ≥	Is the	mean	of C ≥
betv	veen 30	and	0.5 x	the me	ean of	0.5 x	the me	ean of	0.5 x	the me	ean of
	160:		Nv_0		Nv_0				Nv_0		
Yes:X	No):	Yes:X		No:	Yes:	Κ	No:	Yes:	X	No:

Test Suspension: (N & N₀):

N:

Dilution:	Vc1	Vc2	Me	ean
			cfu	lgN
1) 107	31	24	2.60 x	8.42
2) 10-6	256	262	108	

N₀:

$N_0 (N/10) =$	2.60×10^7	$lg N_0 =$	7.42
Is lg N ₀ between 7.17 and 7	7.70 (required inoculum)	Yes:X	No:

Test (Na and IgR):

Contact time:	Vc1	Vc2	Na (mean of Vc1 & Vc2 x10)	lgNa	lgR (lgN₀-lgNa)
1: 30 s	0-1	0-1	<140	<2.15	>5.27

1 Envair House, York Avenue, Haslingden, Rossendale, BB4 4HG



Test Report: BS EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics – Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of virucidal activity in the medical area- Test method and requirements (Phase 2/Step 1)

Test Laboratory BluTest Laboratories Ltd

5 Robroyston Oval, Nova Business Park, Glasgow, G33 1AP

Identification of sample

Name of the product Silkscreen
Batch number HD1204419

Client Core Environmental Plc

Client Address Unit 4, 18-20 Millbrook Road East, Southampton. SO15 1HY

Project Code BT-AGR-01
Date of Delivery 25 March 2020
Storage conditions Ambient

Active substances Chlorhexidine Digluconate, Didecyldimethylammonium chloride

Appearance Clear Liquid Condition upon receipt Undamaged

Manufacturer Safe Microbial Control Limited

Test Method and its validation

Method 1 part interfering substance + 1 part virus suspension + 8 parts

biocide were mixed and incubated at the indicated contact temperature for the indicated contact times. Assays were validated by a cytotoxicity control, interference control, neutralisation control and a formaldehyde internal standard.

Neutralisation Dilution-neutralisation/gel filtration

Eagles Minimum Essential Medium + 5.0% v/v foetal bovine serum

at 4°C

Experimental Conditions

Period of analysis 06 April 2020 to 11 April 2020

Product diluents used Sterile distilled water

Product test concentrations 10.0% v/v; 50.0%; 80.0% v/v
Appearance product dilutions No changes noted- stable
Appearance in test mixture No changes noted- stable

Contact times (minutes) $2 \pm 10s$ Test temperature $20^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$

Interfering substances 0.3g/l bovine albumin Temperature of incubation $37^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C} + 5\% \text{ CO}_2$

Identification and passage (P) of virus Vaccinia virus VR-1549 Elstree strain (P 10)



PROTOCOL SUMMARY

The basic virucidal efficacy test is set up with three concentrations of test product solution and a 2 minute contact time. Virus is exposed to disinfectant in 24-well plates, then neutralised, serially diluted and virus titred in 96-well tissue culture plates to determine the tissue culture infectious $dose_{50}$ (TCID₅₀) of surviving virus. *Vaccinia virus* VR-1549 Elstree strain / Vero cells are assayed in parallel in each test. TCID₅₀ is determined by the method of Karber¹.

Cytotoxicity control

The test product solution is measured for its effects on the host cells used to propagate the virus, to determine the sensitivity of the assay.

Interference control

The effect of the cells after treatment of the test product solution are verified to ensure the cells can show susceptibility for virus infection. This is compared against cells that have not been treated with test product.

Disinfectant suppression control VS1

Virus is added to the highest concentration of test product solution and then the mixture immediately removed and neutralised. The neutralised virus titre is then determined to assess the efficiency of the neutralisation procedure.

Disinfectant suppression control VS2

Internal control which adds virus to neutralised test product solution to assess the efficiency of the neutralisation procedure.

No column Control

Internal control on the highest contact time to assess any impact of the Microspin™ S 400 HR columns.

Virus recovery control

Virus titre is determined for virus in contact with sterile distilled water at t=0, t=2 and at t=15. The virus titre after 2 minutes is then compared to the recovery of disinfectant-treated virus to measure the log reduction in virus titre. The virus titre at 15 minutes is compared to the reference virus inactivation control.

Reference virus inactivation control

Virus is exposed to 0.7% W/V formaldehyde and the recovery of virus determined by TCID₅₀ after 5 and 15 minutes, in order to assess that the test virus has retained reproducible biocide resistance. In addition, the formaldehyde cytotoxicity of neutralised formaldehyde is determined, to measure assay sensitivity.

1Kärber, G.: Beitrag zur Kollektiven Behandlung Pharmakologischer Reihenversuche. Arch. Exp. Path. Pharmak. 162 (1931): 480-487.

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Vaccinia virus (VR-1549) Elstree strain Test Results

EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 Suspension test for the efficacy of Silkscreen, Batch HD1204419, BT-AGR-01 from Core Environmental Plc against Vaccinia virus VR-1549 under Clean conditions

Test Results									
Concentration	10.0%	(v/v)	50.0% (v/v)		80.0% (v/v)				
Exposure Time	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml			
t = 2 minutes	0.00	3.16E+01	0.00	3.16E+01	1.00	3.16E+02			
Raw Data	000000	3.16E+01	000000	3.16E+01	600000	3.16E+02			
log		1.50		1.50		2.50			
log difference		4.00		4.00		3.00			

EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 Suspension test for the efficacy of Silkscreen, Batch HD1204419, BT-AGR-01 from Core Environmental Plcagainst Vaccinia virus VR-1549 under Clean conditions

				Sumn	nary Table				
Product:	Interfering substance	Concentration	Level of cytotoxicity	Ig TCID₅0					>4 lg reduction after 'X' Min
				0 min	2 min	15 min	30 min	60 min	
	0.3g/I BSA	80.0% (v/v)	2.50	2.50	2.50	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	>2 mins
Silkscreen		50.0% (v/v)	2.50	n.a.	1.50	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	<2 mins
		10.0% (v/v)	2.50	n.a.	1.50	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	<2 mins
Virus Control	DIRTY			5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	n.a.
							5 min	15 min	
Formaldehyde	PBS	0.7% (w/v)	3.50				3.83	3.50	>15 mins



Vaccinia virus (VR-1549) Elstree strain Control Data

EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 Suspension test for the efficacy of Silkscreen, Batch HD1204419, BT-AGR-01 from Core Environmental Plc against Vaccinia virus VR1549 under Clean conditions

					1549 under (Clean condition	S				
					Co	ntrols					
	Recovery min	Virus Re 2 n			ecovery min	Cytoto	xicity	-	fectant ession VS	-	ectant sion VS2
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml
4.00	3.16E+05	4.00	3.16E+05	4.00	3.16E+05	1.00	3.16E+02	1.00	3.16E+02	3.67	1.47E+05
666600	3.16E+05	666600	3.16E+05	666600	3.16E+05	600000	3.16E+02	600000	3.16E+02	666400	1.47E+05
	5.50		5.50		5.50		2.50		2.50		5.17
									3.00		0.33
									NoI	Countries	
				tivation control			_			n Control	
Cytot	oxicity	Exposure time			rmaldehyde					nins	
				nins		15 mins			raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml		raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml			4.17	4.64E+05	
2.00	3.16E+03		2.33	6.81E+03	2.00	3.16E+03			666610	4.64E+05	
660000	3.16E+03		662000	6.81E+03	660000	3.16E+03				5.67	
	3.50	log		3.83		3.50					
		log difference		1.67		2.00					
				\ <i>t</i> :	- 411. 41				Charle Mine	to (TCID.)	
Interfere	nce control	-3			s dilution	-7	1 0		Stock Virus (TCID ₅₀) 5.50		
			-4	-5	-6		-8				
DRC	Control	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	1 3.16E+02	0.67 1.48E+02	0 3.16E+01	0 3.16E+01			E+07 330000	
FD3	Control	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.17	1.50	1.50		00000	330000	
Raw	v Data	6	6	6	4	0	0				
		1	1	1	0.33	0	0				
Pro	duct	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	6.76E+01	3.16E+01	3.16E+01				
		2.50	2.50	2.50	1.83	1.50	1.50				
Raw	v Data	6	6	6	2	0	0				
Log Difference		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00	0.00				
Product Cyt Dilut	ion	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2				
PBS Dilution		Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat				



CONCLUSION

Verification of the methodology

A test is only valid if the following criteria are fulfilled:

- a) The titre of the test suspension of at least 10^8 TCID50 /ml is sufficiently high to at least enable a titre reduction of 4 lg to verify the method.
- b) Detectable titre reduction is at least 4 log₁₀.
- c) Difference of the logarithmic titre of the virus control minus the logarithmic titre of the test virus in the reference inactivation test is between:
 - Between 0.75 and 3.5 after 5 min and between 2.0 and 4.0 after 15 min for Vaccinia virus
- d) Cytotoxicity of the product solution does not affect cell morphology and growth or susceptibility for the test virus in the dilutions of the test mixtures which are necessary to demonstrate a $4 \log_{10}$ reduction of the virus.
- e) The interference control result does not show a difference of $< 1.0 \log_{10}$ of virus titre for test product treated cells in comparison to the non-treated cells.
- e) Neutralisation validation. This is called the disinfectant suppression test in this protocol. The disinfectant was neutralised by column chromatography through an Illustra Microspin S-400 HR column to achieve the best possible neutralisation available for this test. The difference for virus is greater than 0.5 log₁₀ indicating rapid irreversible virucidal activity of the disinfectant by dilution at a concentration of 80.0% v/v for VS1. This neutralisation validation has been verified by VS2, which shows the product has been successfully neutralised.

According to EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019, **Silkscreen POSSESSES VIRUCIDAL** activity at concentrations of **10.0% v/v** and **50.0% v/v** of the working concentration as tested after **2 MINUTES** at **20°C** under **CLEAN** conditions (0.3 g/l bovine albumin) against *Vaccinia virus* VR-1549 Elstree strain / Vero cells.

The cytotoxicity of the product prevented a pass result being observed at 80.0%.

This product therefore is effective against all enveloped viruses as defined in EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019 Annex A*. This therefore includes all coronaviruses and SARS-CoV-2.

Authorised signatory

Dr Chris Woodall, Director BluTest Laboratories Ltd

Glasgow, UK

Date: 15 April 2020

DISCLAIMER

The results in this test report only pertain to the sample supplied.

BluTest (BT) has performed the testing detailed in this report using reasonable skill and care and has used reasonable endeavours to carry out the testing in accordance with an EN 14476 protocol. All forecasts, recommendations and results contained in this report are submitted in good faith. However, other than as expressly set out in this report, no warranty is given (i) in relation to the testing or the use(s) to which any results or deliverables produced in the course of the testing are or may be put by the Client or their fitness or suitability for any particular purpose or under any special conditions notwithstanding that any such purpose or conditions may have been made known to BT or (ii) that the intended results or deliverables from the testing can be achieved or (iii) that the Client can freely make use of the results or the deliverables without infringing any third party intellectual property rights and the Client will be deemed to have satisfied itself in this regard. BT shall have no liability (which is hereby excluded to the fullest extent permissible by law) in respect of any loss, liability or damage, including without limitation any indirect and/or consequential loss such as loss of profit or loss of business, market or goodwill, that the Client may suffer directly or indirectly as a result of or in connection with: (i) the performance of the testing; (ii) the use of any materials, samples or other information provided by the Client for use in the testing; and (iii) the Client's reliance upon or use of any results or deliverables provided as part of the testing.

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*EN 14476 2013 + A2 2019 Annex A (informative – Enveloped viruses)

Poxviridae

Herpesviridae

Filoviridae (e.g. Ebola, Marburg)

Flavivirus

Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)

Hepatitis Delta Virus (HDV)

Influenza Virus

Paramyxoviridae

Rubella Virus

Measles Virus

Rabies Virus

Coronavirus (e.g. SARS, MERS)

Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

Human T Cell Leukemia Virus (HTLV)

Hepatitis B virus (HBV)

Reference: Van Regenmortel MHV et al., Eds.: Virus Taxonomy, Classification and Nomenclature of Viruses, seventh report of the international committee on taxonomy of viruses. Academic Press, San Diego, 2000



Company Name: Core Environmental PLC

Contact Name: Stuart Wright

Contact Email: s.wright@core-environmentalplc.com

Purchase Order No: 6416

Report Date: 18/01/2021

Melbec Ref Number: 18123

No. of Samples: 1

Name of Test Product: Superscreen

Batch Number: 20108

Melbec

Test Report for Handrub/Sanitiser Products BS EN 13727:2012+A2:2015

Sample Details:

Product storage conditions: Ambient

The test product was in satisfactory condition for testing when received.

Date product received: 19/06/20 Test Date: 14/07/21

Experimental Conditions:

Interfering substance: Bovine Albumin (dirty 3.0g/l) plus 3ml/l erythrocytes

Test temperature: 18 to 25 °C Contact time: 30 Seconds

Test organisms: Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15442

Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538 Escherichia coli K12 NCTC 10538 Enterococcus hirae ATCC 10541

Requirements of the Standard:

The test product shall demonstrate at least a 5 decimal logarithm (lg) reduction when tested in accordance with this standard under simulated clean or dirty conditions.

Melbec

Test Report for Handrub/Sanitiser Products BS EN 13727:2012+A2:2015

_	
Conc	lusion:
COLIC	iusioii.

For the product Superscreen, [20108] the log reduction requirements as specified in EN 13727 (5 lg within the relevant contact time) were met in dirty conditions and a contact time of 30 seconds.

Testing carried out by:

Name: Position:

Danika Weatherburn Laboratory Manager Report authorised by:

5 MS

Name: Dawn Mellors
Position: Technical Director
Date: 18/01/2021



Test Results:	
Neutralisation Method Used:	
Membrane filtration	
Rinsing Liquid Used:	N7

Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15442

				Va	alidation a	and contr	ols					Melbed	18123	
Validation	suspensio 10 ³	n (<i>NvB)</i> x	Validatio	n suspensi	on (<i>Nv</i> ₀)	Experimental conditions control (A)			Neutralizer control (B)			Metho Produc	on (<i>C</i>) RTU	
Vc 1	N/A	_ =	Vc 1	117	_ =	Vc 1	85	_ _ =	Vc 1	85	_ =	Vc 1	61	_ _ _ _ =
Vc 2	N/A	N/A	Vc 2	105	111	Vc 2	Vc 2 85 85		Vc 2	70	77.5	Vc 2	54	57.5
3.0x10 ⁴ ≤ 2		1.6x10 ⁵ ?	30 ≤ .	\overline{X} of $Nv_0 \le $	160?	\overline{X} of A is $\geq 0.5 \times \overline{X}$ of Nv ₀ ? Yes			\overline{X} of B is $\geq 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \times \overline{X}$ of NvB? Yes			\overline{X} of C is	of Nv ₀ ?	

	N	<i>Vc</i> 1	Vc 2	X m 4.70E+08 ; lg N = 8.67
Test suspension (N and N ₀):	10 ⁻⁶	>330	>330	$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 = 7.67$
(/V and /V ₀).	10 ⁻⁷	49	45	7.17 ≤ lgN ₀ ≤ 7.70? Yes

Conc. of the active (%)	Vc 1	Vc 2	$Na = \overline{X} \times 10$	lg Na	N ₀ =	R 7.67	Contact time	Result
RTU	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.53	30 Seconds	Pass
50%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.53	30 Seconds	Pass
10%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.53	30 Seconds	Pass



Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538

				Va	alidation a	and contr	ols					Melbec Ref No		18123
Validation	n suspensio 10 ³	n (<i>NvB)</i> x	Validatio	n suspensi	on (<i>Nv</i> ₀)	Experimental conditions control (A)			Neutr	Neutralizer control (B)			Method validatio Product conc:	
Vc 1	N/A	X =	Vc 1	78	X =	Vc 1	70	_ _ =	Vc 1	78	_ =	Vc 1	76	X =
Vc 2	N/A	#DIV/0!	Vc 2	46 62		Vc 2	Vc 2 40 55		Vc 2 54 66		66	Vc 2	70	73
$3.0x10^4 \le$		≤ 1.6x10 ⁵ ?	30 ≤	$0 \le X$ of $Nv_0 \le 160$? Yes		\overline{X} of A is $\geq 0.5 \times \overline{X}$ of Nv_0 ? Yes			\overline{X} of B is $\geq 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \times \overline{X}$ of NvB? Yes			\overline{X} of C is $\geq 0.5 \times \overline{X}$ Yes		of Nv ₀ ?

	N	Vc 1	Vc 2	X wm 2.40E+08 ; lg N = 8.38
Test suspension (N and N ₀):	10 ⁻⁶	231	225	$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 = 7.38$
(N and N ₀).	10 ⁻⁷	42	30	7.17 ≤ lgN ₀ ≤ 7.70? Yes
				\overline{X} quotient = >5 and <15? 6.33

Conc. of the active (%)	Vc 1	Vc 2	$Na = \overline{X} \times 10$	lg Na	N ₀ =	R 7.38	Contact time	Result
RTU	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.23	30 Seconds	Pass
50%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.23	30 Seconds	Pass
10%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.23	30 Seconds	Pass



Escherichia coli K12 NCTC 10538

				Va	alidation a	and contr	ols					Melbec Ref No		18123
Validation	n suspensio 10 ³	n (<i>NvB)</i> x	Validatio	n suspensi	on (<i>Nv</i> ₀)	Experimental conditions control (A)			Neutralizer control (B)			Metho Produc	on (<i>C</i>) RTU	
Vc 1	N/A	_ _ =	Vc 1	84	x =	Vc 1	63	_ _ =	Vc 1	75	_ _ =	Vc 1	76	x =
Vc 2	N/A	#DIV/0!	Vc 2	79 81.5		Vc 2	<i>Vc</i> 2 57 60		Vc 2 64 69.5		69.5	Vc 2	75	75.5
$3.0x10^4 \le$		≤ 1.6x10 ⁵ ?	30 ≤		160?	\overline{X} of A is $\geq 0.5 \times \overline{X}$ of Nv_0 ? Yes			\overline{X} of B is $\geq 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \times \overline{X}$ of NvB? Yes			\overline{X} of C is	of Nv ₀ ?	

	N	<i>Vc</i> 1	Vc 2	X wm 3.10E+08 ; lg N = 8.49
Test suspension (N and N ₀):	10 ⁻⁶	315	294	$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 = 7.49$
(N and N ₀).	10 ⁻⁷	36	36	7.17 ≤ IgN ₀ ≤ 7.70? Yes

Conc. of the active (%)	Vc 1	Vc 2	$Na = \overline{X} \times 10$	lg Na	lgR N ₀ = 7.49		Contact time	Result
RTU	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.34	30 Seconds	Pass
50%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.34	30 Seconds	Pass
10%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.34	30 Seconds	Pass



Enterococcus hirae ATCC 10541

Validation and controls												Melbec Ref No		18123
Validation suspension (<i>NvB</i>) x 10 ³			Validatio	n suspensi	on (<i>Nv</i> ₀)	Experimental conditions control (A)		Neutralizer control (B)			Method validation Product conc:		on (<i>C</i>) RTU	
Vc 1	N/A	X =	Vc 1	74	X =	Vc 1	56	_ =	Vc 1	62	_ _ =	Vc 1	71	X =
Vc 2	N/A	#DIV/0!	Vc 2	74	74	Vc 2	47	51.5	Vc 2	48	55	Vc 2	60	65.5
$3.0 \times 10^4 \le \overline{X} \text{ of } NvB \le 1.6 \times 10^5 ?$ N/A		30 ≤	$0 \le \overline{X}$ of $Nv_0 \le 160$? Yes		\overline{X} of A is $\geq 0.5 \times \overline{X}$ of Nv_0 ? Yes		\overline{X} of B is $\geq 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \times \overline{X}$ of NvB? Yes			\overline{X} of C is $\geq 0.5 \times \overline{X}$ Yes		of Nv ₀ ?		

	N	<i>Vc</i> 1	Vc 2	X wm 3.07E+08 ; lg N = 8.49
Test suspension (N and N ₀):	10 ⁻⁶	308	303	$N_0 = N/10$; $\lg N_0 = 7.49$
(N and N ₀).	10 ⁻⁷	33	32	$7.17 \le \lg N_0 \le 7.70$? Yes

Conc. of the active (%)	Vc 1	Vc 2	$Na = \overline{X} \times 10$	lg Na	IgR N ₀ = 7.49		Contact time	Result
RTU	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.34	30 Seconds	Pass
50%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.34	30 Seconds	Pass
10%	<14	<14	1.40E+02	<2.15		>5.34	30 Seconds	Pass